What Mathematics Vocabulary Terms Do First Graders Know?

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Contact Information

Sarah R. Powell

The University of Texas at Austin

- srpowell@austin.utexas.edu
 - @sarahpowellphd





Evidence-based mathematics resources for educators



Acknowledgements



spencer

Gena Nelson

• American Institutes for Research

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Mathematics Vocabulary

NCTM Focal Points

"develop vocabulary to describe" use "language"

Common Core Standards

use "language to describe"

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Mathematics Vocabulary

Majority of assessment items require reading and interpretation of language



Mathematics Vocabulary Instruction

Need to focus on academic language in early grades (Schleppegrell, 2012)

Few opportunities to explicit learn mathematics vocabulary (Monroe & Orme, 2002)

Most suggestions for teaching mathematics vocabulary rely on language arts strategies (Riccomini et al., 2015)

Research Questions

1. What is the technical adequacy of a measure of mathematics vocabulary designed for first-grade students?

2. What are the mathematics-vocabulary performance differences of first-grade students? What amount of variance is accounted for by general vocabulary and mathematics fluency?

3. Which mathematics-vocabulary items cause the most difficulty for students?

Participants

Table 1. Demographic Information for Participants

	n	%
Gender:		
Male	55	52.9
Female	49	47.1
Race/ethnicity:		
African American	12	11.5
Asian	1	1.0
White	37	35.6
Hispanic	54	51.9
English learners	1	1.0
Retained	7	6.7
Special education	3	2.9

Measures

Gates MacGinitie Reading Test Word Decoding Level 1

Students work for 20 min

α = .91



		1 <u>+ 1</u>	3 <u>+ 0</u>	2 <u>- 2</u>	4 <u>- 2</u>	1 <u>+ 2</u>	3 <u>- 3</u>	0 <u>- 0</u>	0 <u>+ 3</u>	2 - 1	4 <u>+ 2</u>
Measures		0 + 5	3 <u>- 1</u>	6 <u>+ 1</u>	4 <u>- 4</u>	5 - 0	1 <u>- 1</u>	1 <u>+ 6</u>	5 <u>+ 3</u>	4 <u>- 1</u>	5 <u>+ 2</u>
Woodcock-Johnson 4 Math Fluency		3 <u>- 2</u>	1 <u>+ 5</u>	6 <u>- 3</u>	2 + 2	1 <u>+ 7</u>	4 <u>+ 4</u>	8 <u>+ 1</u>	4 <u>- 3</u>	2 <u>+ 7</u>	1 <u>+ 4</u>
Students work for 3 min		5 - 2	8 - 1	5 <u>+ 4</u>	3 <u>+ 3</u>	10 <u>- 2</u>	6 <u>+ 3</u>	7 <u>- 2</u>	8 <u>+ 2</u>	1 <u>+ 3</u>	9 <u>- 4</u>
α = .96		6 <u>- 2</u>	6 <u>+ 4</u>	3 <u>+ 9</u>	8 <u>- 6</u>	5 <u>+ 7</u>	10 <u>- 10</u>	6 <u>+ 2</u>	5 <u>- 3</u>	6 <u>- 6</u>	4 <u>+ 3</u>
		5 <u>+ 5</u>	8 <u>+ 3</u>	5 <u>- 1</u>	0 <u>+ 8</u>	7 <u>- 4</u>	9 <u>+ 1</u>	10 <u>- 6</u>	4 <u>+ 8</u>	8 <u>+ 6</u>	9 - 9
		1 <u>× 1</u>	5 <u>- 4</u>	7 <u>+ 7</u>	3 <u>× 2</u>	10 <u>- 5</u>	2 <u>× 1</u>	2 <u>+ 3</u>	8 <u>+ 8</u>	5 <u>+ 9</u>	1 <u>× 5</u>
		7 <u>+ 3</u>	4 <u>× 1</u>	9 <u>- 2</u>	8 <u>+ 9</u>	3 <u>× 3</u>	6 <u>+ 5</u>	2 <u>× 2</u>	9 <u>- 3</u>	1 <u>× 3</u>	6 <u>+ 6</u>
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Mathematics Vocabulary (1st Grade)

Answer the questions.

1. Circle the name of each coin.



dime half dollar nickel penny quarter



dime half dollar nickel penny quarter

Α.

B.

Α.

В

D



dime half dollar nickel penny quarter





quarter

2. Circle the set with the greatest.



Circle the set with the least. 3.



4. In the box, write the double of 4.





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Measures

Mathematics Vocabulary Grade 1

Item stems read aloud by examiner

5. <u>Subtract</u> five circles.	Add four circles.	10. Match each part	to a word by writing a letter $-6 = 1$	in the box. 1 A. B.	addend difference
Divide into groups of three.	Multiply by two.	 9	3 = 6	C. D. E. F. G. H.	equal sign greater than minuend minus sign plus sign subtrahend subtrahend
6. Write an <u>odd</u> number. Write an <u>even</u> number.	Write a <u>prime</u> number.	11. Circle all that sho	w <u>counting back</u> .	ј. К.	sum
		8, 7, 6, 5	3, 5, 7, 9, 11	14, 15, 13, 12	21, 20, 19, 18, 17
7. Show <u>skip counting</u> by twos to 20.		12. Circle all that sho	w <u>counting on</u> .		
		2, 9, 7, 4	19, 18, 17, 16	9, 10, 11, 12, 13	3, 4, 6, 5
8. Circle all that show <u>equal shares</u> .		13. Label the clock <u>h</u>	ands.		
9. Draw a set in the box that is <u>equal</u> .		14. Draw a <u>number li</u>	<u>ne</u> .		

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25. Write <u>zero.</u>	31. Divide into <u>thirds</u> . Divide into <u>half</u> . Divide into <u>quarters</u> .
	32. <u>Separate</u> 2 from the set.
26. Circle the set that shows more.	
	33. <u>Take away</u> 4 from the set.
27. Circle the set that shows less.	
	34. Color the bottom <u>row</u> with you <u>r</u> pencil.
28. Draw lines to break the box into unequal parts.	
	35. Color one <u>column</u> with your pencil.
29. Circle the sets the show equal.	
30. Draw <u>tally</u> marks to show 4.	

1. What is the technical adequacy of a measure of mathematics vocabulary designed for first-grade students?

 α = .85

Item-by-item analysis for reliability

- Deletion of only five terms would have increased α by .02
- Opted to keep all terms for analysis

2. What are the mathematics-vocabulary performance differences of first-grade students? What amount of variance is accounted for by general vocabulary and mathematics fluency?

Validity compared to Gates MacGinitie and Woodcock-Johnson

	Raw	Score	Correl	elations	
Variables	M	SD	WD	MF	
GMRT WD	27.57	8.56	_	_	
WJ-III MF	31.17	14.29	.526	_	
Mathematics Vocabulary	36.30	8.10	.697	.586	

Table 3. Means, Standard Deviations, and Correlations

Note.—GMRT = Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests; WD = word decoding; MF = math fluency; WJ-III = Woodcock-Johnson III. 2. What are the mathematics-vocabulary performance differences of first-grade students? What amount of variance is accounted for by general vocabulary and mathematics fluency?

Range: 15 – 55

No significant differences based on gender or retained status

Significant differences:

For English learner (n = 1)

Students with disabilities < students without disabilities

African American < Hispanic < Caucasian

2. What are the mathematics-vocabulary performance differences of first-grade students? What amount of variance is accounted for by general vocabulary and mathematics fluency?

Table 4. Summary of Regression Analyses

Predictor	В	SE B	β	t	Þ	R^2	ΔR^2
Model 1:							
Intercept	18.088	1.940		9.325	<.001		
GMRT word decoding	.661	.067	.697	9.826	<.001	.486	
Model 2:							
Intercept	16.779	1.844		9.157	<.001		
GMRT word decoding	.509	.074	.538	6.874	<.001		
WJ-III math fluency	.172	.044	.304	3.881	<.001	.553	.067

Note.—GMRT = Gates-MacGinitie Reading Tests; WJ-III = Woodcock-Johnson III.

3. Which mathematics-vocabulary items cause the most difficulty for students?

Accuracy by item introduction: Accuracy by category:

Kindergarten	67.1%	Technical	42.0%
First grade	48.8%	Subtechnical	56.4%
Second grade	29.2%	General	91.1%
		Symbolic	54.5%

Future Research

Mathematics Vocabulary measure demonstrated strong reliability

Measure may be helpful for educators to determine which vocabulary terms need attention

We need to gain better understanding of how to efficiently teach and review mathematics vocabulary

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